

Translating cancer biology into medicines

March 15, 2021 33rd Annual Roth Conference

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Clinical Stage Value Drivers



Fadraciclib (aka CYC065) CDK2/9 inhibitor (i.v. and oral)

Demonstrated i.v. clinical proof of mechanism as a single agent

1st CDK2/9i to show durable MCL1 suppression & anticancer activity in patients

Streamlined Phase 1b/2 oral solid tumor study to start 1H21; multiple cohorts, registration enabling (MCL1, CCNE, MYC amplified)

CYC140 PLK1 inhibitor (i.v. and oral)

Optimized oral PLK inhibitor with short half life

Compelling preclinical data in liquid & solid cancers

Streamlined Phase 1b/2 oral solid tumor study to start 2H21; multiple cohorts, registration enabling (PLK1, MYC amplified, KRAS mutated)

CDK Inhibitor Target Profile

CDK9 \rightarrow transcriptional regulation of anti-**apoptotic** proteins, MCL1, MYC ...

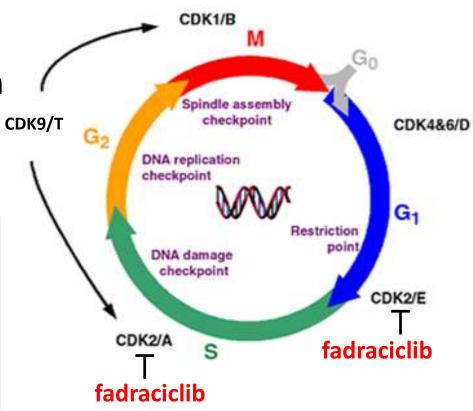
CDK2 \rightarrow cell cycle checkpoint **cyclin E** (*CCNE*) regulation

Aim: restore apoptosis (CDK2i enhances apoptosis by CDK9i)[@]

 $CDK4/6 \rightarrow validation$

- \$5 bn class (palbociclib, abemaciclib, ribociclib)
- Palbociclib failure stat sig correlated with cyclin E ↑ (PALOMA-3)*

[@] Somarelli, JA et al, Mol Cancer Ther 2020;19:2516. Poon E et al, JCI 2020 doi.org10.1172JCI134132. *Turner NC et al; JCO 2019.

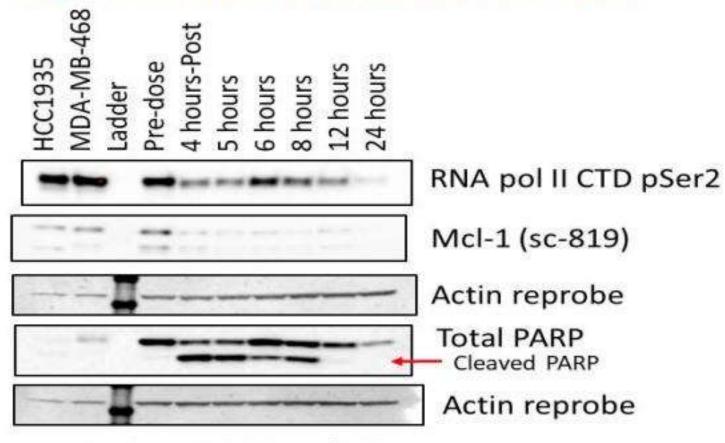




Fadraciclib Early to Mid-stage Development

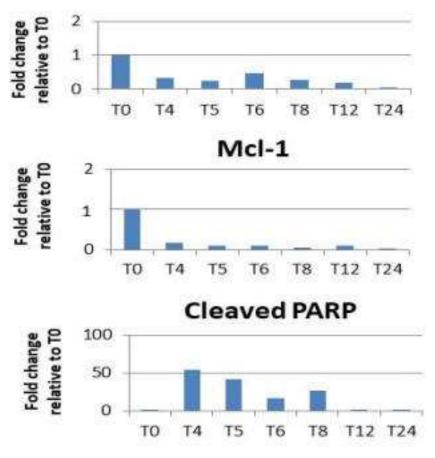
- Low intensity schedules (Ph 1 i.v.; once q3 wk; 4x q3 wk)
 - ✓ Single agent; tolerability, short half-life, PK/PD markers 'on mechanism', durable PR and SD in advanced solid tumors; Oral bioavailability at ENA (Triple Meeting) 2020
 - ✓ With venetoclax: antileukemic activity, incl. ↓ lymph nodes, MRD +ve to –ve conversion; R/R CLL and AML
- Optimized biological dosing (Ph 1b/2, oral schedule TBD; start in 1H21)
 - Prespecified statistical success rules, registration enabling design
 - Multiple expansion cohorts to explore activity in solid tumors, later leukemias
 - Single agent; combinability with relevant MoA drugs

Target inhibition detectable at 24 hours



RNA Pol II CTD pSer2

CYCLACEL®



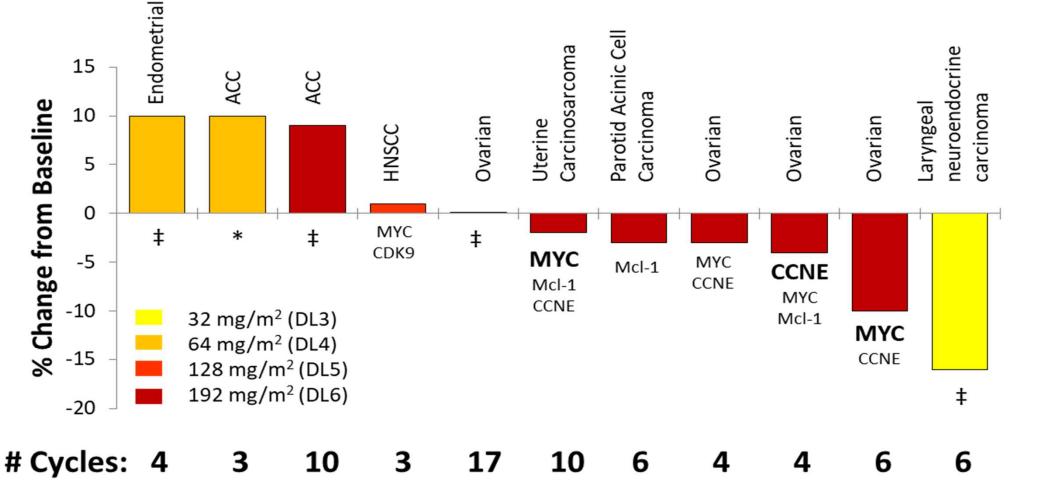
Do, Khanh T., et al, AACR Annual Meeting 2018. $RP2D = 192mg/m^2$.

Patient 14 (192 mg/m²)

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6

CYC065-01 Phase 1 part 1 Activity



*‡ no information; * complex deletions/gains. High copy gains shown in bold.*

Do, Khanh T., et al, AACR Annual Meeting 2018.

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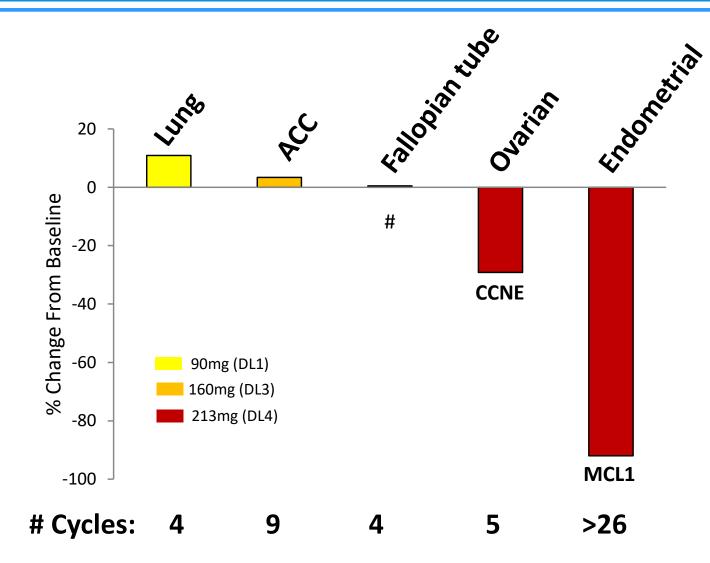
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- 20/26 patients
 evaluable for
 response per
 RECIST 1.1
- 11/20 patients achieved stable disease (SD)
- 6/11 patients achieved SD for 4+ cycles



CYC065-01 Phase 1 part 2 Activity





i.v. 1h, d1, 2, 8, 9; q3wk

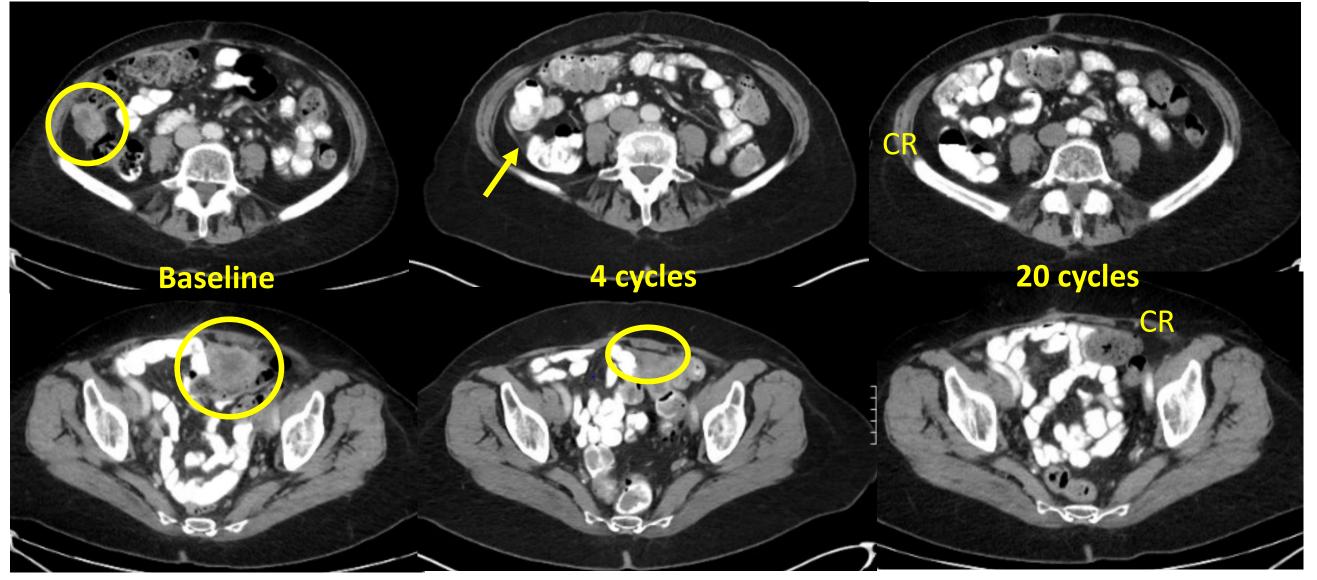
213 mg 1 confirmed PR and 2 SD observed

- PR at 4 cycles (MCL1 amplified endometrial; deepening response; 96% shrinkage at C27)
- SD >4 cycles (Cyclin E amplified ovarian)

Data on file. # Non-measurable target tumor lesion.

PR in MCL1 Amplified Endometrial Patient

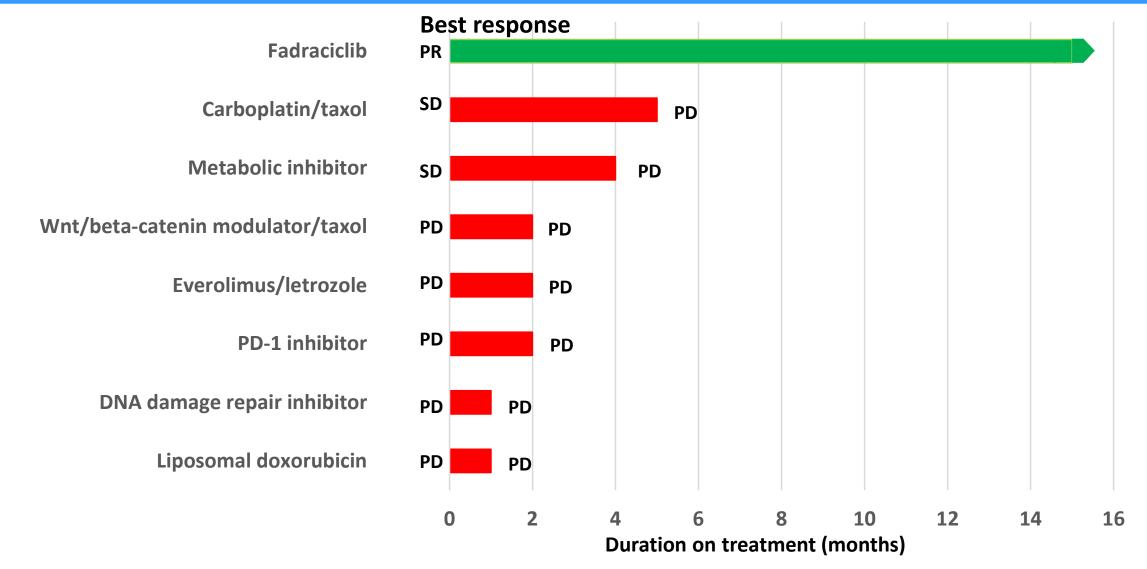




Do, KT, et al, 2nd EORTC/AACR/NCI Virtual Symposium 24-25 October 2020.

Fadraciclib Most Efficacious Treatment

(endometrial adenocarcinoma patient with MCL1 amplification)



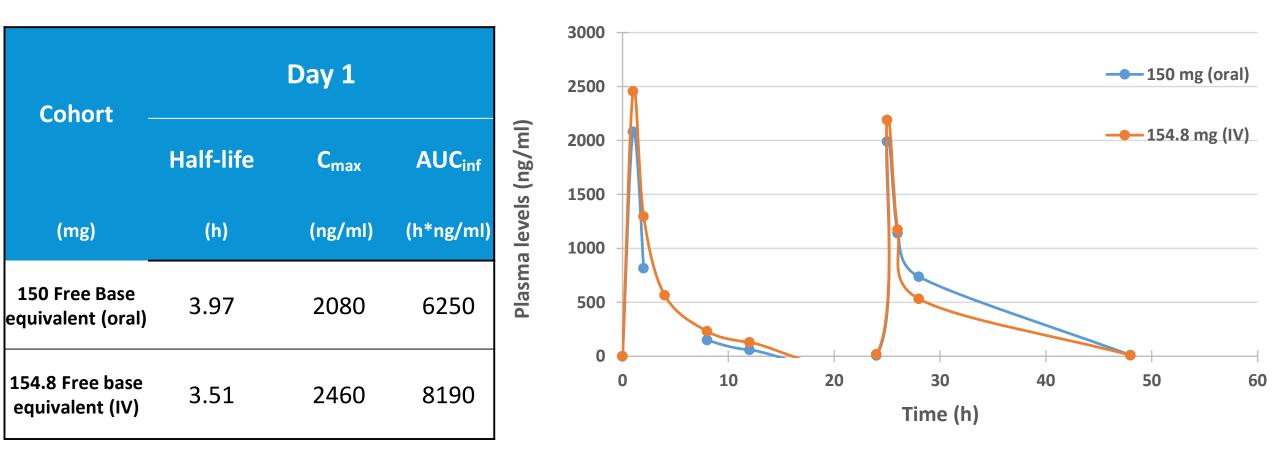
Do, KT, et al, 2nd EORTC/AACR/NCI Virtual Symposium 24-25 October 2020. PD=progressive disease.

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Fadraciclib plasma levels after oral and 1h-IV infusion

Oral dosing regimen: qd on days 1, 2, 8 and 9 every 3 weeks; ongoing



Do, KT, et al, 2nd EORTC/AACR/NCI Virtual Symposium 24-25 October 2020.

Fadraciclib Oral Ph1/2 Solid Tumor Study Design



DOSE ESCALATION

(3+3 design; 1-3 sites)

Dose Level 3 TBD

Dose Level 2 TBD

Starting Dose Level TBD

Dose Level -1 TBD

Schedule: 3-4 wks/cycle Enrich for tumor types of interest to MoA.

TBD: To be disclosed.

PROOF OF CONCEPT

(Simon 2-stage; ~10 sites)

Cohort 1 Endometrial, Ovarian Cohort 2 Breast Cohort 3 TBD Cohort 4 TBD Cohort 5 TBD **Cohort 6 Basket:** TBD (expand if responses)

PIVOTAL

(if randomized study not needed; sites TBD)

Single-arm, open label, study for n=TBD cancer patients

Indication in pivotal study to be determined based on clinical data from PoC

Fadraciclib Oral Ph1/2 Leukemia Study Design



DOSE ESCALATION

(3+3 design; 1-3 sites)

Dose Level 3 TBD

Dose Level 2 TBD

Starting Dose Level TBD

Dose Level -1 TBD

Schedule: 3-4 wks/cycle Enrich for tumor types of interest to MoA.

TBD: To be disclosed.

PROOF OF CONCEPT

(Simon 2-stage; ~10 sites)

Cohort 1 R/R AML, older patients Cohort 2 MDS after HMA Cohort 3 TBD Cohort 4 TBD Cohort 5 Basket: TBD (expand if responses)



Single-arm, open label, study for n=TBD cancer patients

Indication in pivotal study to be determined based on clinical data from PoC

Fadraciclib is Addressing Large Markets





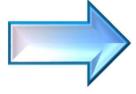
HGSOC 2L

- 27k US incidence; ~79k prevalence
- CCNE1 is 35% of US BRCA1/2 wt CCNE1 and BRCA1/2 m CCNE1 amplified



Endometrial/Uterine 2L

- 5k US incidence; ~77k prevalence
- CCNE1 is 20% of high grade serous which is 50% of total



Breast HR+ 2L

- 56k US incidence; ~735k prevalence
- CCNE1 is 30% of HR+ which is 73% of total



Breast Cancer BRCA1/2+

- 18k US incidence; ~238k prevalence
 - CCNE1 is 40% of BRCA+ which is 17% of total

SEER Database. Company estimates.



CDK2/9 transcriptional inhibitor enabling apoptosis and cell cycle arrest:

Fadra (CDK2/9, CYCC) Ph1 data

CDK9 transcriptional inhibitors enabling apoptosis: VIP152 (BAY1251152; CDK9, VINC) Ph1 data AZD4573 (CDK9, AZN) Ph1

CDK2 cell cycle arrest:

PF-06873600 (CDK2/4/6, Pfizer) Ph 1

MCL1 inhibitors:

AMG176 i.v. Ph 1; *murizatoclax AMG397 oral paused*; AMG176+ven *suspended* S64315 i.v. (Servier, Ph1b +ven AML) AZD5991 (FiH Ph 1)

AZ poster AACR 2019: CDK9i targeting MCL1: Antitumor responses with AZD4573 strongly correlate with selective MCL1 inhibitors, such as AZD5991. CDK9i targets other labile pro-survival proteins beyond MCL1 such as Bfl-1 (a.k.a. BCL2A1).

Data on file; clinicaltrials.gov; Boiko S et al AACR 2019.



Optimized oral PLK inhibitor with short half life

Improved kinase selectivity

Favorable PK, increased dosing flexibility

Broad single agent preclinical activity; supports potential single agent clinical activity

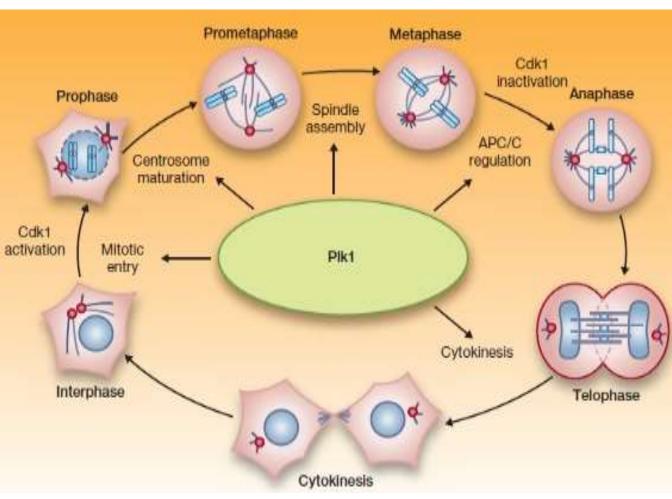
Phase 1/2 oral development (single agent, frequent dosing, start in 2H21)

- Prespecified statistical success rules, registration enabling design
- Multiple expansion cohorts to explore activity in solid tumors, later leukemias
- Combinability with relevant MoA drugs

PLK1: Key Mitotic Regulator and Oncogene

Oncogene with key role in regulation of

- mitotic entry and exit
- spindle formation
- cytokinesis
- Cancer cells are very sensitive to PLK1 depletion, esp.
- mutated KRAS
- blocks proliferation by prolonged mitotic arrest
- onset of cell death in cancer cells
- normal cells with intact checkpoints less sensitive

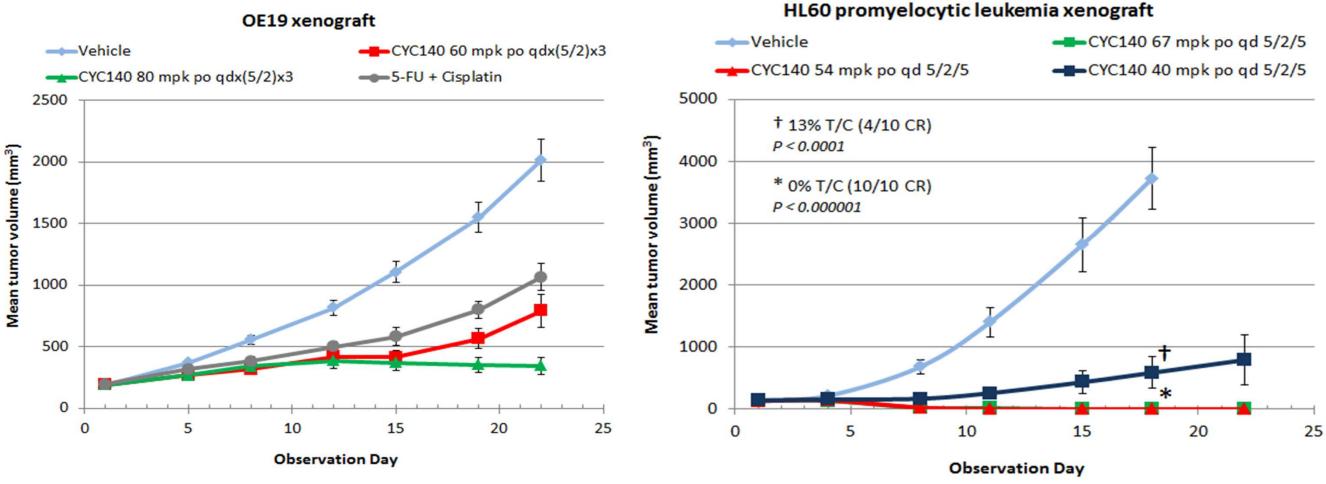


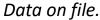
Medema RH et al. (2011) Clin Can Res 17(20):6459-66

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Potent and selective inhibitor (PLK1 IC₅₀ ~3 nM)





PLK1 Inhibitor Landscape



Onvansertib oral (CRDF PLK1, CDK9, ...)

Ph 1b signal in KRASmut mCRC

CYC140 (CYCC PLK1, -2, -3)

Ph 1 FIH i.v. in progress; Ph 1/2 oral to start

Discontinued:

Volasertib (BI6727 Boehringer I) Ph 3 failed

GSK 461364 (GSK) Ph 2 terminated

TAK-960 (Takeda) Ph 1 terminated

Data on file and Valsasina B et al Mol Can Ther 2012 11 1106-1016; https://mct.aacrjournals.org/content/11/4/1006.figures-only.

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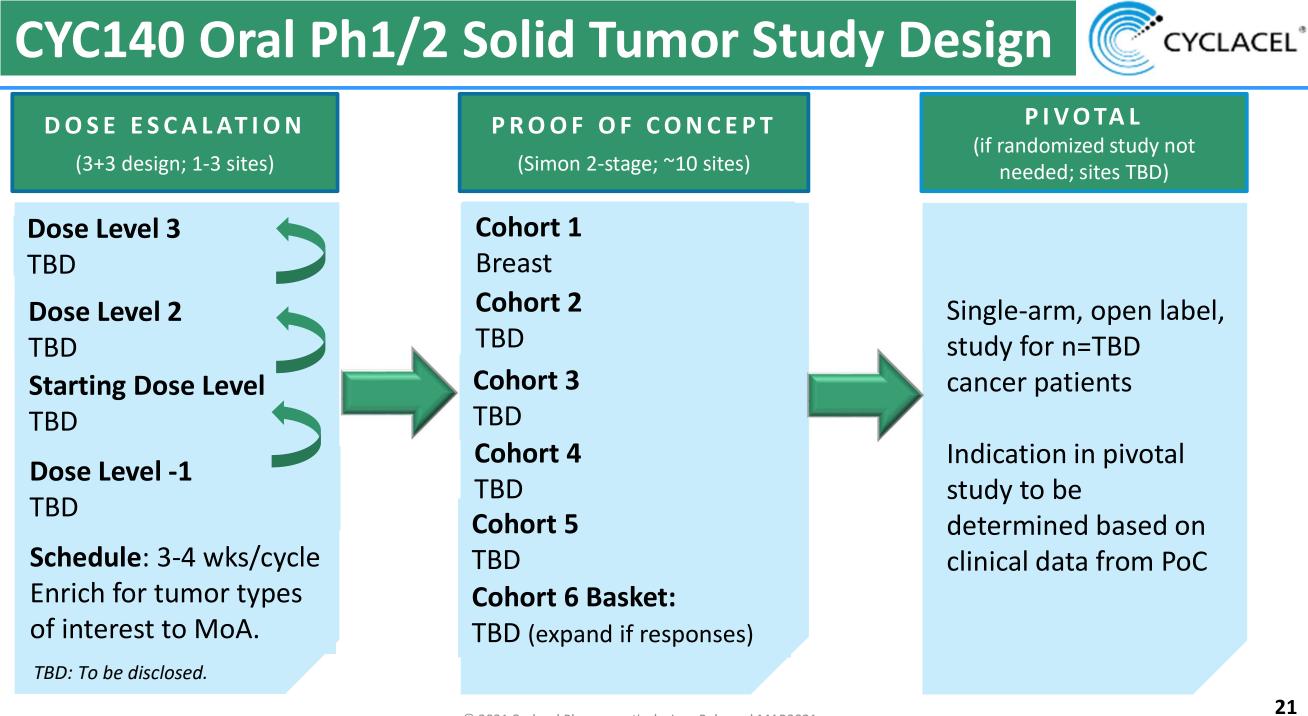
PLK Inhibitors in Clinical Development

• Volasertib (discontinued)

- BTD in AML Ph2 data; but Ph3 POLO-1 in AML failed (imbalance of deaths)
- $\circ~$ Dose intensity led to single agent activity; long terminal half-life ~110h
- **Onvansertib** (selectivity mainly PLK1, secondarily CDK9, etc.)
 - Signal in KRASmut mCRC with bevacizumab/FOLFIRI; terminal t_{1/2} ~24h
 - Ph 1b studies in AML with chemo; prostate with abiraterone
- **CYC140** (selectivity mainly PLK1, secondarily PLK2, PLK3 family)
 - Preclinical activity in multiple solid tumors and leukemias; terminal t_{1/2} ~11h
 - Unremarkable toxicity i.v. thus far
 - Aim: oral, dose intense, Ph 1/2 in multiple solid tumors and leukemia cohorts

Data on file and Valsasina B et al Mol Can Ther 2012 11 1106-1016; https://mct.aacrjournals.org/content/11/4/1006.figures-only.

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CYC140 Oral Ph1/2 Leukemia Study Design



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Single-arm, open label, study for n=TBD cancer patients

Indication in pivotal study to be determined based on clinical data from PoC Cash & cash equivalents December 31, 2020: \$37.7m¹

Operating cash burn (annual; excludes non-cash items)

√ 2018:	~\$ 6.7m ²
√ 2019:	~\$ 9.4m ²
✓ 2020:	~\$ 7.9m ²

Fully diluted shares: 12.2 million³. No debt

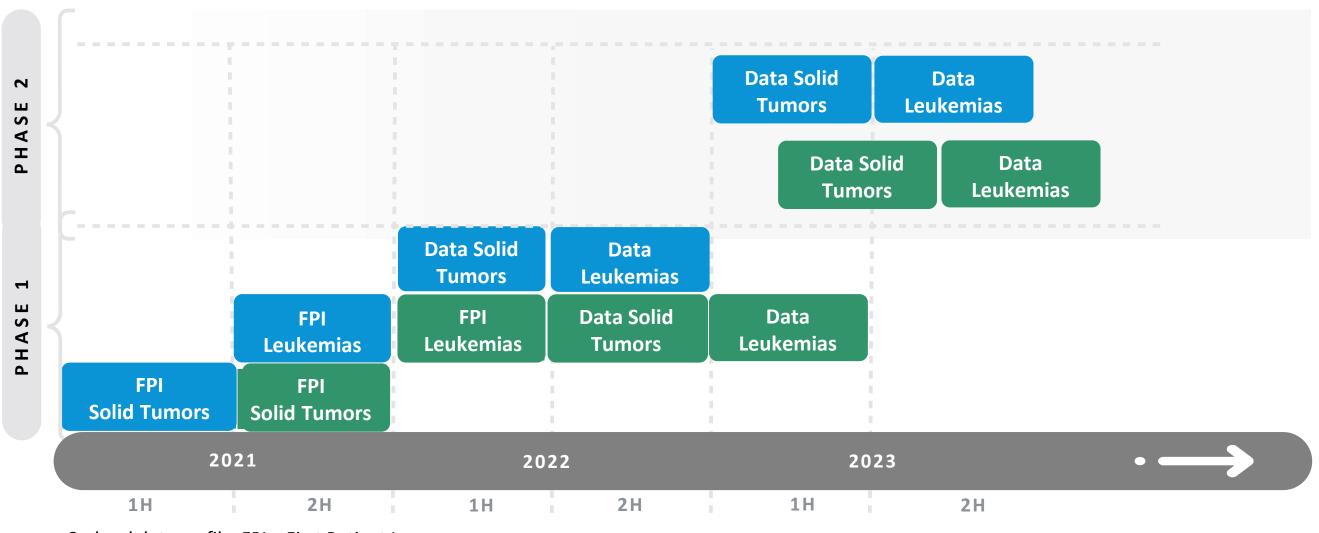
Estimated capital to early 2023

- 1. \$33.4m (10K) + \$4.3m (2021 warrant exercises); not incl. March 2021 financing.
- 2. 10K
- 3. Common stock outstanding 7.1m, preferred stock 1.2m, common stock warrants 3.3m, stock options 0.6m









Cyclacel data on file. FPI = First Patient In.

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Investment Thesis



Clinical stage, state-of the-art oncology programs

Targeting molecularly-defined patient populations

Overcome cancer cell resistance & mitosis

CDK inhibitors: validated drug class

Competitively positioned

Significant market opportunities





THANK YOU

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